

MICHIGAN MATTERS.

INTERESTING STATE NEWS OF ALL SORTS.

Detectives Capture the Villains Who Wrecked a Grand Trunk Train During the Big Strike—State Convention of the Y. M. C. A.—State Items.

Battle Creek Train Wreckers Caught.

On the morning of July 16 last an express train on the Chicago & Grand Trunk road was wrecked just inside the city limits of Battle Creek. The fireman, T. V. Crowe, was killed and fourteen passengers injured. An inspection of the track showed that the bolts and fishplates had been removed from the ties and the tools with which the work was done were found lying near by. As that was the time of the big A. R. U. strike it was suspected that the wreck was caused through strikers' instigation. A reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of the wreckers was offered, and the case was taken up by W. S. Devereaux, a Chicago detective. The case has been quietly and persistently followed and nothing was known by the public of its progress until Thursday, October 11, when Devereaux arrested John Bodwey in Kansas City. The arrest of Stanley Knowles in Chicago and George W. Johnson and Ernest M. Jewett in Battle Creek followed. It is said that Knowles has weakened and given away the whole affair, with the names of those implicated with him.

Michigan's Y. M. C. A. Convention.

The Michigan Y. M. C. A. convention was held in the Presbyterian church, at Ann Arbor. About 400 delegates were present. Reports show that there are associations on five continents, 50 nationalities being reached. There are in all 5,000 associations, with an aggregate membership of 500,000. The report of the treasurer, F. M. Thompson, showed that the actual expenses of last year were \$3,412.82. The receipts from pledges were \$1,552.22; the disbursements, \$4,431.10, leaving \$71.12 on hand. The financial report shows a credit of \$103.74, there being \$1,037.68 due in unpaid pledges, etc., which is due on salaries, etc., \$851.94. The following permanent officers were elected: President, Rev. L. P. Rowland, of Michigan; first vice-president, Henry Ictema, of Grand Rapids; second vice-president, J. T. Jenkins, of Detroit; third vice-president, O. L. Partridge, of Alpena; secretary, I. K. Swindt, of Olivet college; assistant secretary, E. E. Green, of Kalamazoo.

The University Homeopathic Department.

The management of the Michigan University are up in arms owing to a report that the homeopathic department was to be abolished. It is true that the attendance in this department has been very small during the past three years, only a dozen students being enrolled this year, but the matter of abolishing the department has never been agitated by the University senate. It is provided in the law allowing one-sixth of a mill tax for the University of Michigan that: "Should the board of regents fail to maintain any of said departments as herein provided, then at such time shall only one-twentieth of a mill be assessed." This, in itself, would prevent the abolition of the school.

Confessed the Murder and Then Succeeded.

The mystery surrounding the murder of the tramp known as Gus, Sept. 8, on the railroad track three miles north of Cheboygan, has been cleared up. Geo. V. Taylor, who was with Gus at the time of the murder, and has since been detained in the county jail at Cheboygan as a witness and suspect, confessed suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a razor which had been given him to shave himself. Taylor left a written confession in which he said that Gus Genesee's clothes could be found near the scene of the murder, also \$111 in money; he also confessed to having committed four other crimes. He stated that he desired to be taken to his home in Ohio and buried beside his mother.

Sensation in Macomb County.

Michigan Macombes were excited by the report that Great Record Keeper Joseph Boughten, of Grand Rapids, has been unable to qualify to the satisfaction of Great Commander Boynton. Boughten's bond is \$25,000 and a prominent eastern indemnity company furnished a bond which Boughten refused to approve. The last day for Boughten to qualify came, and the story is that a new bond which he forwarded was rejected. In default of what he deems proper qualification Boughten will appoint to fill the vacancy.

Strike at Grand Rapids.

The 500 employees of the Oriel Cabinet company, of Grand Rapids, are involved in a strike. One year ago the wages were reduced 10 per cent, and the men wanted the old schedule restored now that the company is receiving so much business that they are compelled to work over time. Twenty men in the trimming department walked out when the demand was refused and the result was the closing down of the entire institution, the largest furniture factory of the kind in the world.

Ex-County Treasurer Charles M. Jackson.

of Crawford county, charged with embezzling \$13,000 county funds, was acquitted.

Mrs. Robert Rhead, of Hudson,

tried to exterminate the flies while standing on a chair. It slipped and she fell, breaking her arm in two places.

Many years ago Houghton county,

as a corporate body, built several sections of a government road, taking pay in wild lands, then deemed valueless. In Menominee, Dickinson, Iron, Marquette and Baraga counties. These lands are now worth several hundred thousand dollars, and last year yielded an income of \$15,716.56.

The forty-third convention of the

Universalists of Michigan was held at Charlotte. Officers were chosen as follows: President, W. L. Lee, S. McColister, Detroit; vice-president, Rev. H. N. Conner, Grand Rapids; secretary, Rev. W. J. Glines, Concord; treasurer, E. A. Treadway, Grand Rapids.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Dayhuff, of Colfax township, Wexford county, celebrated the 53d anniversary of their marriage.

Ground will be broken at Gladstone soon for a large stove factory, which will begin operations in the spring.

Benjamin Barnard, a traveling man aged about 22 years, committed suicide at Flint by drinking a quantity of carbolic acid. Temporary insanity.

Florence Campbell, a 2-year-old girl of Grand Marais, got hold of a bottle of carbolic acid and drank some of the contents. She lived but a short time.

The truckmen and lumber piers in the D. & M. mills, at Ontonagon, struck for higher wages. Unless they return to work the mills will probably close down for the season.

Two little girls named Edna Austin and Edith Hill, of St. Joseph, ran away from home and frightened their relatives into the belief that they had been kidnapped, but were found at Watervliet.

Maggie Smith, a saleswoman in a Grand Rapids dry goods house, drank carbolic acid by mistake and died in a few days. She got out of bed to take a dose of pills, but got the wrong bottle in the dark.

Michigan state prison is crowded with convicts. The roll call shows an attendance of 866, and the officials are worried to find room for the inflow of offenders, who come in bunches, sometimes reaching as high as 10 a day.

Mrs. Minnie Herre, charged with the murder of her son in May, 1893, was acquitted in the Ingham county circuit court, the theory of the woman's insanity at the time the crime was committed being accepted by the jury.

Fire destroyed the entire plant of the Plymouth Air Rifle company. Loss about \$9,000, insured for \$1,500. Twenty men are thrown out of employment. The buildings being frame, adjoining buildings were saved only by a stubborn fire.

The Grand Traverse region will soon be the leading fruit raising district in the state if things keep on the way they have for a few years past. Thousands of fruit trees will be set out next spring, one man alone having ordered 12,000 for his own planting.

The long talked of project of a spur line from Benton Harbor by the way of Brien Spings to South Bend, connecting with the Grand Trunk, seems about to be realized. Surveys are going over the proposed route, and it is claimed that the work of construction will commence at once.

Herman Swartz, a young married man, began working in the South End Lumber Co.'s mill, at Bay City, and the second day as he was cleaning sawdust under one of the saws arising his skull was broken by a pulley making 300 revolutions a minute. He was not found until an hour later.

Typhoid fever is very prevalent in the township of Greenleaf, Tuscola county. In the family of John Jones there have been eight afflicted and five died inside of one month, and three others are now at the point of death. A son-in-law has become deranged from his misfortune, his wife and child being two of the dead.

Sheriff Stratton arrested Mrs. Ira Hurd and a man named O. W. Ludlow for murdering Ira Hurd at Allegan. Ludlow is a young man about 28 years of age with a wife and two children at Benton Harbor. He visited Allegan quite frequently to purchase apples, and the officers claim to have letters which passed between him and Mrs. Hurd making engagements; also that the revolver found was the property of Ludlow.

A protest signed by many of the most prominent citizens of Benton Harbor was sent to the Allegan authorities, who, it is alleged, have dealt unfairly with O. W. Ludlow, of Benton Harbor, who is charged with being implicated in the murder of Ira Hurd at Allegan. The petition says that he is a young man of sobriety and rectitude, and that he has not received fair play at the hands of the authorities of Allegan. William C. Hiele, a local attorney, has been sent by citizens to defend Ludlow.

The Marquette county board of supervisors, for economical reasons, have not appointed a game warden, and as a result the southern part of the county is flooded with hunters, it being estimated that there are over 300 in that district. Most of these are men hired by commission houses and all the deer they kill are shipped to these houses in gross violation of the state law which prohibits the shipment of venison out of the state. It was the same with partridge in September.

Over 100 laborers employed on the ore docks of the Chicago & Northwestern railway at Escanaba are on a strike. They have been receiving \$1.25 per day, but asked to have their wages raised to \$1.75. This the company refused to do and the men have been paid off.

The work is hard and disagreeable at this season of the year and the increase they ask is not considered unreasonable. Good wages are being paid in the lumber woods and the railroad company will find it difficult to obtain men at less than \$1.75.

Willard M. Johnson, aged about 40 years, living two miles from Burr Oak, was found dead in the St. Joseph river, northwest of Colon. He had been shot and his body thrown into the river. Four bullets had been fired into his body, one taking effect in his heart. The crime must have been committed as Johnson was returning from his father-in-law's, near Athens, where he had gone to try to settle a lawsuit with his brother-in-law. The object of the crime was not robbery, as the dead man's watch, money and valuable papers were found on his body.

The annual meeting of the grand chapter of the order of the Eastern Star was held at Grand Rapids with about 250 delegates present. In this grand jurisdiction there are now 83 chapters with a total membership of 6,334. Officers elected: Worthy grand matron, Mrs. Louise A. Turk, Allen; worthy grand patron, Allen S. Wright, Ionia; associate matron, Mrs. Lida Pratt, Jackson; associate patron, Chas. A. Conover, Coldwater; grand secretary, Mrs. A. A. Mattison, Middleville; treasurer, Mrs. Susan K. Winans, Lansing; conductress, Mrs. Helen E. Palmer, Mt. Pleasant. The next session will be held in Saginaw.

James Bonine, a Cass county farmer, has a herd of 40 elk.

The hard iron smelting annex of the Lake Superior iron works, at Hancock, burned to the ground. Loss, \$30,000; partially insured.

Willie Treachler, aged 10, started with his uncle for a hunt near Au Gres. The gun was prematurely discharged and the boy was instantly killed.

Twenty-five laborers have been at work setting poles near Galesburg. Their big tent caught fire and burned all their belongings. The loss will be heavy.

The new hotel at Marquette appears to be a go. Sub to the amount of \$50,000 has been subscribed for it. It will be erected on the site of the old Leroy hotel.

Mrs. Albert Elftman, of Blissfield, was fooling with a revolver when the thing went off, a bullet inflicted a wound in the left breast and passed through her lungs.

Ansel Rice's little son played ball in front of the house of Jackson Buell, at Schoolcraft. Buell didn't like it and went out with a blacksnake and horse-whipped the boy. Buell has been arrested.

It is alleged that T. D. Meads, ex-receiver of the land office at Marquette, is short in his accounts. Criminal proceedings will probably not be commenced, as his bondsmen will undoubtedly make the shortage good.

The Tenth Michigan infantry held their reunion at Flint. The following officers were elected: President, Col. Charles M. Lum, Detroit; vice-president, M. C. Barney, Flint; secretary and treasurer, J. D. Jewell, Jackson.

Some ingenious thief recently bored a hole through the door of a granary belonging to Will Hall at White Oak. He then placed bags under it and all the wheat was quickly extracted. This is a considerable improvement over raising grain.

The twenty-ninth annual reunion of the Twentieth Michigan infantry was held at Easton Rapids. Over 90 members of the old regiment were present. George Crowell was chosen president, Lemar Sparks secretary and treasurer. Both are of Chelsea.

The Michigan Sunday School association will hold its thirty-fourth annual convention at Grand Rapids Nov. 13, 14 and 15. Maj.-Gen. O. O. Howard will address the first meeting. Two thousand delegates are expected and free entertainment is promised.

The veterans of the Twelfth Michigan infantry assembled at Battle Creek in their annual reunion. The new officers are: B. Stearns, of Benton Harbor, president; Joseph Vuff, of Albion, secretary. It was voted to hold the next reunion at Benton Harbor.

The women of Ann Arbor have organized a crusade against the saloons. The W. C. T. U. and Reform League are at the head of the movement. It is alleged that many students get their first start toward a drunkard's career right here in the Athens of the west.

Dr. S. C. Brown, editor and publisher of the Isabella County Republican, dropped dead while sitting at home at Mt. Pleasant reading a newspaper. Dr. Brown was one of the pioneers of Isabella county, and had been connected with the newspaper business for a number of years.

The sixtieth annual meeting of the Presbyterian synod was held at Alma. Rev. J. M. Barclay, of Detroit, was elected moderator for this year. The cornerstone of the Alma college gymnasium and museum was laid with imposing ceremonies. Rev. J. M. Gelson, of Ann Arbor, delivered the address in a very able manner.

Emanuel Mentzer, aged 55 years, was found dead upon the floor of his house at Grand Rapids, and investigation showed that he had been drinking wood alcohol for three days, and that he had poisoned himself with the fiery fluid. It was his custom to drink a full glass of alcohol at a time and he had been keeping the practice up for several months.

The twenty-second annual reunion of the Second Michigan cavalry, Gen. Phil Sheridan's old regiment, was held at Grand Rapids. There were about 200 members present. Officers were elected as follows: President, Henry Vance, Saginaw; vice-president, W. D. Moody, Big Rapids; secretary, Edwin Hoyt, Grand Rapids; historian, Marshall P. Thatcher, Detroit.

The board of auditors of the Michigan State Engineering society met at Lansing and after canvassing the votes declared the following officers elected: President, George A. Pierson, Kalamazoo; vice-president, J. J. Cramwell, Saginaw; secretary and treasurer, Francis Hodgman, Climax; directors, J. B. Davis and C. E. Green, Ann Arbor; Dorris S. Keels, Grand Rapids.

The annual meeting of the Ludington Epworth Training assembly was held at Ludington and the following officers were elected: President, J. C. Floyd, D. D., Grand Rapids; vice-president, Judge J. H. Grant, Manistee; secretary, Elvin Swarthout, Grand Rapids; treasurer, Thomas P. McMaster, Ludington. The executive committee are already planning for an excellent program for next year's assembly, which opens July 9.

The strikers on the ore docks of Escanaba were discharged and new men put in their places at \$1.50 per day. Three boats were loaded by the new men. The ore trimmers, out of sympathy with the dock men, refused to trim ore unless they received four cents per ton, the former price being three cents. The trimmers' strike is due to the crews of the Washburn, 127 and 107, trimming the said barge and tow barges. In all probability they will receive their price.

Detroit has been considerably wrought up over the outcome of the arrest of school inspectors on the charge of bootlegging. The disappearance of Milo H. Davis some weeks ago, and a reward offered on the same charge gave color to the accusations, and the trial of Inspector Wm. Liphardt was watched with deep interest. The jury was out 23 hours, and then returned with a verdict of guilty. While Liphardt was in jail awaiting sentence Inspector Julius Lichtenberg, rather than face his trial, which was to follow next, went to his home and shot himself in the head, but the wound will probably not prove fatal.

NEWS OF ALL KINDS.

CLEANINGS FROM IMPORTANT PRESS DISPATCHES.

News from the Oriental War Continues Most Favorable to the Japanese Who are Rapidly Nearing China's Capital.—Eight Drowned in Lake Ontario.

The Ever-Victorious Japs.

London: A dispatch from Tokio says that a detachment of Japanese cavalry and infantry made an attack upon a force of 2,000 Chinese at Wei Ju and that the place is now in the hands of Japanese. Japanese field marshal, Count Yagata, has established his base of operations at Ping Yang, which is near the sea and easy of access to supplies. A state of siege has been declared in the district of Hsichang, China. A dispatch from Tien Tsin says that the Chinese officials no longer deny that the Japanese fleet commands the Gulf of Pechili. It is added that the Japanese admiral pays a weekly visit to every important station on the gulf.

Washington: The cable report that the Italian minister at Peking, in pursuance of instructions from his government, had offered his services as mediator in bringing the China-Japan war to a close, is construed at the legation here as a possible move on the part of the triple alliance—Germany, Italy and Austria—to intervene. The views of the Japanese authorities are that there can be no mediation which does not give Korea complete independence, crush China's power to further retard the progress of the east, and reimburse Japan, either in money or territory, for her enormous expenditure contracted by the war.

Shanghai: Various local rumors are in circulation, the most prominent being that 40,000 Japanese troops have landed near Shan Hai Kwan, on the boundary between Manchuria and Chli at the eastern end of the great wall which traverses China. Shang Hai Kwan is directly on the railroad building from Tien Tsin to Moukden, and is of great strategic importance. In fact the opinion has been expressed that if Shan Hai Kwang is captured there is nothing to prevent the Japanese from marching on to Peking.

Yokohama: The Japanese have occupied the south bank of the Yalu river after driving back the Chinese.

Lynched a Wealthy Murderer.

At the close of the Beattyville, (Ky.) fair, Oscar Morton, a prominent citizen of Stanton, in Powell county, went on the warpath. Only two weeks ago Morton killed his man at Stanton, and was out on \$5,000 bond to appear next week at the Powell circuit court. When he arrived at the fair he proceeded to get drunk, and then went to hunt for Sheriff William Simms, who was his deadly enemy, a feud of long standing existing between the two men. When they met both drew revolvers, Morton having two, and when the smoke cleared away Simms was found dead and Morton wounded. The murderer was hurried off to jail, but public indignation was aroused as Morton had killed two men in less than two weeks. A mob was quickly formed and marched to the jail. The jailer was overpowered. Morton was found lying in his shirt sleeves on the floor of his cell, and after a bitter struggle was seized and dragged out and taken to a bridge some distance from town and the rope placed around his neck and then he was forced to jump. His body was then filled with bullets. The dead sheriff was only recently married and leaves a young widow. He has killed three men. Going to the fair he attempted to kill the fireman of the train because he would not increase the speed the locomotive was running.

Train Robbers Got \$150,000.

A north-bound express train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac railroad was held up by robbers at Quantico, Md., and details show the affair to have been of a most daring character and also that several of the robber gang were men of experience in the railroad business.

Express Messenger Crutchfield thinks the booty secured was \$150,000 or more. He gave this account of the robbery: "But one robber entered the car. He was of heavy build and dressed like a farmer, although he seemed to thoroughly understand the express business; he had a real hawk-like look over the lower part of his face. When the train was stopped I opened the door of my car. The robber shot at me and I fired back and closed the door. He called: 'Open the door or I'll blow the whole car to pieces with dynamite.' Then he threw a stick of dynamite. It struck the door and shattered it off and the casing. The force knocked me off of my feet. I then opened the door. One robber came in and made me open the safe. He took everything."

Bloody Rebellion in Shanghai.

London: A dispatch from Shanghai says that rebellion has broken out 100 miles from Hankow. The rebels are fairly armed and very reckless. They attacked the government buildings, which were feebly defended by loyal troops. The latter were soon defeated and many of them were killed. Many others joined the rebels. Two mandarins were killed. The province is almost denuded of troops, and the rebels are daily gathering strength. It is expected that they will advance on Woo Chang, province of Hoo Pee, of which Hankow is the capital. The garrison at Woo Chang has gone to the coast, and the place is therefore practically defenseless.

Sir Joseph Renels, the senior alderman representing the Aldersgate ward, has been elected lord mayor of London.

While threshing grain in a barn six miles east of Fort Recovery, O., a spark set fire to the straw. William Greer and Elsworth McAfee were unable to escape and perished in the flames. Nathan Greer was severely burned and may die. Loss, \$3,500.

A catboat, containing four men, was struck by a squall off Coney Island and capsized. John and Daniel Bailey, of Coney Island, immediately started to the rescue in a small boat. They succeeded in rescuing one of the party, who was clinging to the overturned boat, and brought him ashore in an unconscious condition. He was resuscitated.

MORE WAR TALK.

England to Send Troops to China.—The Situation Becoming Complicated.

London: Six thousand troops will be sent from India by England to protect the treaty ports in China. The first rifle brigade will leave Calcutta on Oct. 15 for Hong Kong. It is stated that the second-class cruiser Acropolis, from the Mediterranean squadron, and the gunboats Red Breast and Piqueen, from the East India station, have been ordered to join Admiral Freeman's squadron in Chinese waters. The British consuls at Hankow and Ningpo sent alarming dispatches to the government reporting disturbances in those places and stating that the European residents were in peril.

Washington: In Japanese official circles here the cable reports that China has asked England, France and Russia to send troops and vessels to China to protect their respective interests, are construed to be a public confession on China's part of the panic and demoralization of her people, and her inability to afford the usual protection to foreigners. Secretary Herbert has been forehanded in taking steps for the protection of the lives and property of American residents in China believed now to be endangered by rebellions and unrestrained troops. There are now five United States warships in the east, the Charleston, Baltimore, Monocacy, Concord and Petrel, and this force will be increased to eight vessels by the addition of the Detroit, Machias and Yorktown as soon as they can be made ready. And these will co-operate with the warships of the other powers to mutually protect foreigners.

Yokohama: The applications for the Japanese war bonds have exceeded 70,000,000 yen, more than double the amount called for. The Japanese government has decided to prohibit the export of coal from the empire. The Chinese man-of-war Ise-Kiang, captured by the Japanese July 25, has been added to the maldado's navy and is to be known as the Toyoshima, the name of the island off which she was taken. The standing committee of the six political parties in opposition to the Japanese government, have passed a resolution that during the war the minister shall be cordially supported, without regard to domestic differences of opinion.

China's Peace for Peace Rejected.

London: A dispatch from Tien Tsin says that the Chinese overtures for peace having been rejected, the war now enters upon a chronic stage, demanding an appeal to the latent forces of the empire. The latter are described as being quite great; but it is added they may require time in order to organize them. The Chinese government is prepared, though reluctant to do so, to engage in a protracted conflict. The party in power recognizes the urgency of radical military and fiscal reforms. The question is, how long will the natural cohesion bear the strain of a great war; the danger is, the correspondent adds, that a revolution may be followed by prolonged anarchy. The Pei Yang squadron has been able to leave dock, completely refitted, with magazines filled, and otherwise ready for active service.

Another dispatch that an impartial edict has been published in Peking assuming for the government full responsibility for protection of the foreign residents, denouncing rowdism and punishing certain culprits shown to have taken part in the recent assaults upon travelers. The edict also assures strangers that their persons and property will be protected, and its wording especially favors the missionaries. The whole tone of the edict is entirely satisfactory.

Great Irrigation Works.

It will surprise many people to learn of the magnitude of some of the irrigation works constructed in the United States during the last few years. In Colorado over \$15,000,000 have been spent in such works, and in California over \$13,000,000, while many single enterprises to cost several millions each are in progress. The greatest irrigation enterprise in America and one of the greatest in the world is in the Pecos valley, in southeastern New Mexico, where upwards of \$3,000,000 have already been expended. These works consist of enormous storage reservoirs—one of which is the second largest in the world, submerging 8,000 acres and having a capacity of nearly fifty billion gallons of water; and of a vast network of canals aggregating 1,200 miles in length. Four hundred thousand acres of land will ultimately be brought under cultivation, about 70,000 acres of which have already been settled upon. From all accounts the Pecos valley is a paradise for the fruit grower and live stock raiser; while its dry and sunny climate, practically winterless, is said to be even more beneficial than that of Colorado for consumption and other chronic troubles.

Great Britain Laughed At.

London: The Times says, editorially, "By degrees the world has learned the true significance of the cabinet meeting hastily summoned recently. It does not appear that the government found a single power willing to co-operate in an attempt to mediate to stop the war between China and Japan. The government incurred a needlessly humiliating defeat which cannot but impair Great Britain's capacity to intervene with effect should a fitting occasion arise. They blundered incredibly, ignored the most obvious elementary considerations applicable to the case, and courted a rebuff which ought to have been recognized at once as inevitable."

Thornton Rollins, of Baltimore, says that the abrogation of the Brazilian reciprocity treaty will kill the American flour trade with that country. He offers to sell his ships at 50 cents on the dollar.

The czar, the czarina, the czar-witch, of Russia, the Grand Duke George and Michael of Greece left Spain for Livadia in the Crimea, where it is expected that the czar will stand a better chance of recovering from his sickness.

While driving over a New York Central track at Park Side avenue, Buffalo, N. Y. Miss Emily S. Wood, sister-in-law of Republican State Committeeman John N. Scatterd, and two of the latter's children were struck by a freight train. One of the children, a girl of 11 years, was killed instantly. The other, 5 years old, and Miss Wood were fatally hurt.

FEARFUL ATLANTIC GALE.

Fifty Vessels Wrecked, 200 Lives Lost in Newfoundland—New York Suffered.

A northeast gale of exceptional force swept over Newfoundland. The storm was very severe at St. Pierre, Miquelon, where 200 lives were lost and great damage done. Not less than 50 vessels dragged their anchors or parted their cables, and were thrown upon the shore. No assistance could be rendered the shipwrecked men from the shore. Altogether there were nearly 300 vessels at the port, not a single one of which escaped without sustaining some damage. Several of the fleet are missing and grave fears are entertained that they foundered near the light.

New York and Elsewhere.

New York: A storm broke upon this section and great damage on sea and on land. The fishing smack Louise was driven ashore at Highland Beach and is a total loss. Her crew of ten men were taken off by the life saving crew. At Seabright, and vicinity, a number of buildings were wrecked. At Long Island City the big iron tank, 200 feet high, belonging to the East River Gas company was blown down to within five feet of its foundation.

Off Belle Haven, near Greenwich, Conn., the yacht Verena was wrecked; two drowned. A two-masted schooner went to pieces on Hart Island, at Englewood, N. J. Mary Kerr, aged 19, was killed by a chimney being blown down upon her. The tug Belle Williams, with a tow of seven barges of coal was driven ashore and four lives were lost, beside all the barges. The steamer Millerton, Newport, R. I., was found bottom side up near Point Judith and all on board were lost. She had a crew of five men.

The wind was the strongest and the sea the highest ever experienced here and much injury was done to the oyster business. In the interior the apple crop is ruined. In Brooklyn and Jersey City considerable damage was done to buildings, and business was almost suspended.

THE MARKETS.

New York.

Cattle—Native	3.85	3.90
Hogs	4.00	4.05
Sheep—Good to choice	3.00	3.05
Lamb	3.00	3.05
Wheat—No. 2 red	55	55 1/2
Corn—No. 2 white	35 1/2	35 3/4

Toledo.

Wheat—No. 2 spot	81 1/2	81 1/4
No. 2 December	79	78 3/4
Corn—No. 2 mixed	50	50 1/2
Oats—No. 2 white	31	30 3/4

Buffalo—Live Stock.

Cattle—Mixed shipments	3.05	3.10
Sheep	2.90	2.95
Lamb	3.00	3.05
Hogs—Choice weights	5.00	5.05
Common and rough	4.75	4.80

Cleveland.

Cattle—Best	4.50	4.55
Other grades	3.75	3.80
Hogs	4.75	4.80
Wheat—No. 2 red	51 1/2	51 1/4
Corn—No. 2 white	30	29 3/4
Oats—No. 2 white	30 1/2	30

Pittsburg.

Cattle	4.25	4.30
Hogs	4.25	4.30
Sheep and lambs	1.00	1.05
Wheat—No. 2 red	51 1/2	51 1/4
Corn—No. 2 white	28 1/2	28 1/4